

# NAG Toolbox for MATLAB

## f08na

### 1 Purpose

f08na computes the eigenvalues and, optionally, the left and/or right eigenvectors for an  $n$  by  $n$  real nonsymmetric matrix  $A$ .

### 2 Syntax

```
[a, wr, wi, vl, vr, info] = f08na(jobvl, jobvr, a, 'n', n)
```

### 3 Description

The right eigenvector  $v_j$  of  $A$  satisfies

$$Av_j = \lambda_j v_j$$

where  $\lambda_j$  is the  $j$ th eigenvalue of  $A$ . The left eigenvector  $u_j$  of  $A$  satisfies

$$u_j^H A = \lambda_j u_j^H$$

where  $u_j^H$  denotes the conjugate transpose of  $u_j$ .

The matrix  $A$  is first reduced to upper Hessenberg form by means of orthogonal similarity transformations, and the *QR* algorithm is then used to further reduce the matrix to upper quasi-triangular Schur form,  $T$ , with 1 by 1 and 2 by 2 blocks on the main diagonal. The eigenvalues are computed from  $T$ , the 2 by 2 blocks corresponding to complex conjugate pairs and, optionally, the eigenvectors of  $T$  are computed and backtransformed to the eigenvectors of  $A$ .

### 4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D 1999 *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia URL: <http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug>

Golub G H and Van Loan C F 1996 *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

### 5 Parameters

#### 5.1 Compulsory Input Parameters

1: **jobvl** – string

If **jobvl** = 'N', the left eigenvectors of  $A$  are not computed.

If **jobvl** = 'V', the left eigenvectors of  $A$  are computed.

*Constraint:* **jobvl** = 'N' or 'V'.

2: **jobvr** – string

If **jobvr** = 'N', the right eigenvectors of  $a$  are not computed.

If **jobvr** = 'V', the right eigenvectors of  $a$  are computed.

*Constraint:* **jobvr** = 'N' or 'V'.

3: **a(lda,\*) – double array**

The first dimension of the array **a** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$

The second dimension of the array must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$

The  $n$  by  $n$  matrix  $A$ .

**5.2 Optional Input Parameters**1: **n – int32 scalar**

*Default:* The first dimension of the array **a** and the second dimension of the array **a**. (An error is raised if these dimensions are not equal.)

$n$ , the order of the matrix  $A$ .

*Constraint:*  $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$ .

**5.3 Input Parameters Omitted from the MATLAB Interface**

lda, ldvl, ldvr, work, lwork

**5.4 Output Parameters**1: **a(lda,\*) – double array**

The first dimension of the array **a** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$

The second dimension of the array must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$

**a** has been overwritten.

2: **wr(\*) – double array**3: **wi(\*) – double array**

**Note:** the dimension of the arrays **wr** and **wi** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$ .

**wr** and **wi** contain the real and imaginary parts, respectively, of the computed eigenvalues. Complex conjugate pairs of eigenvalues appear consecutively with the eigenvalue having the positive imaginary part first.

4: **vl(ldvl,\*) – double array**

The first dimension, **ldvl**, of the array **vl** must satisfy

if **jobvl** = 'V',  $\mathbf{ldvl} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$ ;  
 $\mathbf{ldvl} \geq 1$  otherwise.

The second dimension of the array must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$  if **jobvl** = 'V', and at least 1 otherwise

If **jobvl** = 'V', the left eigenvectors  $u_j$  are stored one after another in the columns of **vl**, in the same order as their corresponding eigenvalues.

If **jobvl** = 'N', **vl** is not referenced.

If the  $j$ th eigenvalue is real, then  $u_j = \mathbf{vl}(:,j)$ , the  $j$ th column of **vl**.

If the  $j$ th and  $(j+1)$ st eigenvalues form a complex conjugate pair, then  $u_j = \mathbf{vl}(:,j) + i \times \mathbf{vl}(:,j+1)$  and  $u_{j+1} = \mathbf{vl}(:,j) - i \times \mathbf{vl}(:,j+1)$ .

5: **vr(ldvr,\*) – double array**

The first dimension, **ldvr**, of the array **vr** must satisfy

if **jobvr** = 'V',  $\mathbf{ldvr} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$ ;  
 $\mathbf{ldvr} \geq 1$  otherwise.

The second dimension of the array must be at least  $\max(1, n)$  if **jobvr** = 'V', and at least 1 otherwise

If **jobvr** = 'V', the right eigenvectors  $v_j$  are stored one after another in the columns of **vr**, in the same order as their corresponding eigenvalues.

If **jobvr** = 'N', **vr** is not referenced.

If the  $j$ th eigenvalue is real, then  $v_j = \mathbf{vr}(:,j)$ , the  $j$ th column of **vr**.

If the  $j$ th and  $(j+1)$ st eigenvalues form a complex conjugate pair, then  $v_j = \mathbf{vr}(:,j) + i \times \mathbf{vr}(:,j+1)$  and  $v_{j+1} = \mathbf{vr}(:,j) - i \times \mathbf{vr}(:,j+1)$ .

#### 6: **info** – int32 scalar

**info** = 0 unless the function detects an error (see Section 6).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the function:

**info** =  $-i$

If **info** =  $-i$ , parameter  $i$  had an illegal value on entry. The parameters are numbered as follows:

1: **jobvl**, 2: **jobvr**, 3: **n**, 4: **a**, 5: **lda**, 6: **wr**, 7: **wi**, 8: **vl**, 9: **ldvl**, 10: **vr**, 11: **ldvr**, 12: **work**, 13: **lwork**, 14: **info**.

It is possible that **info** refers to a parameter that is omitted from the MATLAB interface. This usually indicates that an error in one of the other input parameters has caused an incorrect value to be inferred.

**info** > 0

If **info** =  $i$ , the *QR* algorithm failed to compute all the eigenvalues, and no eigenvectors have been computed; elements  $i+1:n$  of **wr** and **wi** contain eigenvalues which have converged.

## 7 Accuracy

The computed eigenvalues and eigenvectors are exact for a nearby matrix  $(A + E)$ , where

$$\|E\|_2 = O(\epsilon)\|A\|_2,$$

and  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision*. See Section 4.8 of Anderson *et al.* 1999 for further details.

## 8 Further Comments

Each eigenvector is normalized to have Euclidean norm equal to unity and the element of largest absolute value real and positive.

The total number of floating-point operations is proportional to  $n^3$ .

The complex analogue of this function is f08nn.

## 9 Example

```
jobvl = 'No left vectors';
jobvr = 'Vectors (right)';
a = [0, 0.45, -0.14, -0.17;
     0, 0.070000000000000001, -0.54, 0.35;
     0, -0.33, -0.03, 0.17;
     0.25, -0.32, -0.13, 0.11];
[aOut, wr, wi, vl, vr, info] = f08na(jobvl, jobvr, a)
```

```
aOut =  
  -0.1280   -0.1651   -0.3690    0.2446  
    0.6753   -0.1280   -0.1836   -0.1114  
         0         0   -0.0509    0.1800  
         0         0         0    0.4569  
  
wr =  
  -0.1280  
  -0.1280  
  -0.0509  
   0.4569  
  
wi =  
   0.3339  
  -0.3339  
         0  
         0  
  
vl =  
    0  
  
vr =  
  -0.2708    0.3271   -0.3282   -0.6887  
    0.1909   -0.3732   -0.3848   -0.6091  
    0.2941   -0.2549   -0.5282    0.3853  
    0.7018         0   -0.6820   -0.0788  
  
info =  
      0
```

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